Datey®

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Oatey PVC Heavy Duty Clear or Gray Cement

Other means of identification

SDS number 1102C

Synonyms Part Numbers: Clear- 30850, 30863, 30876, 30882, 31008, 31011, 31476, 31477, 31478,

31479, 31950, 31951, 31952, 31953 / Gray-30349, 31093, 31094, 31095, 31105, 31118, 31510,

31511, 31512, 31513, 31514, 31978, 31979, 31980, 31981, 32050, 32051, 32052, 32210,

32211, 31513C

Recommended use

Joining PVC Pipes

Recommended restrictions

Name known

ecommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer Distributor

Company Name Oatey Co. Oatey Canada Supply Chain Services Co.

Address 4700 West 160th St. 145 Walker Drive

Cleveland, OH 44135 Brampton, ON L6T 5P5, Canada

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015

Contact person MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1
Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1
Health hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use

explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

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IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Response

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire:

Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Storage

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

May form explosive peroxides.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	30-60
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-30
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC;	9002-86-2	10-30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5-10
Colloidal silicon dioxide	112945-52-5	1-5

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON Inhalation

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin Skin contact

irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eve contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs,

keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take

precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

General fire hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills:

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
·	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
·	TWA	50 ppm	

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Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	80 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m3	Total particulate.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
•		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	295 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	147 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
·	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
•	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
,	TWA	200 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
,		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
,	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
·	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	TWA	300 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Opaque.or Translucent.

Physical stateLiquid.FormLiquid.

Color Gray or Clear.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 151 °F (66.11 °C)

range

Flash point 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Evaporation rate 5.5 - 8

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

Vapor density 2.5

Relative density 0.88 - 0.92

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** 1200 - 2500 cP

Other information

Bulk density 7.5 lb/gal

< 510 g/l SQACMD Method 304 VOC (Weight %)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components **Species Test Results**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 20 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 50 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

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Components Species Test Results

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

AcuteDermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

ye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not classified.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation

lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product

are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC;

(CAS 9002-86-2)

d chloride; PVC; A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS 108-94-1) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC), RESPIRABLE Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

FRACTION (CAS 9002-86-2)

TETRAHYDROFURAN (CAS 109-99-9) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC;

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

(CAS 9002-86-2)

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - May cause respiratory irritation. Narcotic effects.

single exposure

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. **Chronic effects**

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Contains a substance which causes risk of hazardous effects to the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64	4-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CA	S 108-94-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrahydrofuran (CA	AS 109-99-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) 0.46

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into

sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN1133 **UN** number **UN proper shipping name** Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group

Environmental hazards Marine pollutant only when containing 10% or more substances identified as marine pollutants or

severe marine pollutant when containing 1% or more substances identified as severe marine

pollutants

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Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN1133 **UN** number **UN** proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es) Class

3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN1133 **UN** number **UN** proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-D **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS Canadian regulations

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Class B Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Class B

Not available.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

Oatey PVC Heavy Duty Clear or Gray Cement 920700 Version #: 03 Revision date: 04/09/2018 Issue date: 12/21/2015 Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)* Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

Yes

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

16. Other Information

Philippines

Issue date 21-December-2015

Revision date - 01

Disclaimer Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).